

# Medical and Eligibility User Guide for Medical Practitioners

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# **Processing Service Environment (ECLIPSE)**

# Introduction

Electronic Claim Lodgement and Information Processing Service Environment (ECLIPSE) is an extension of Medicare Online claiming. It offers a secure connection between medical practices, public and private hospitals, approved billing agents, Services Australia, health care providers, private health insurers and the Department of Veterans' Affairs (DVA). This process allows hospitals, billing agents and providers to lodge patient verifications, eligibility checks, in-patient medical claims and in-hospital claims directly to Services Australia and the private health insurers in one simple transaction. Medicare Online claiming, including ECLIPSE, was developed by Services Australia in collaboration with the health care industry and the medical software industry.

Medicare Online claiming can be used by Health Sector Entities (HSEs) to communicate health information and medical and hospital claims between connected entities.

Medicare Online claiming processes conform to current privacy and legislative requirements, as determined under the *Health Insurance Act* 1973, and relevant Services Australia and industry guidelines and policies.

## Where does ECLIPSE fit in with Medicare Online claiming?

Many practices currently use Medicare Online claiming and enjoy the benefits it provides to patients and practices. Medicare Online claiming can be used for bulk bill claims, paid and unpaid patient claims. These are lodged directly with Services Australia through the practice management software.

## **Benefits of using ECLIPSE**

By using ECLIPSE, healthcare providers, approved billing agents and private health insurers as a client can submit claims securely over the internet to Services Australia and private health insurers which:

- saves time and money through a reduction in administrative processes and management of claims
- provides an easier way to obtain informed financial consent from patients
- provides a paperless interaction with Services Australia and private health insurers
- allows quicker processing times-reduction from weeks to days
- provides faster resolution of complex claims
- provides better data quality with fewer errors and speedier resolutions
- offers one system for all private health insurers
- provides a one-stop shop for electronic business—access to Services Australia, Australian Immunisation Register (AIR) and private health insurers in one product
- provides an electronic remittance advice from private health insurers resulting in efficient reconciliation of patients' accounts
- increases patient satisfaction.

#### Medicare Online to ECLIPSE

The technical architecture, that ECLIPSE is based on, is an extension of Medicare Online that provides General Practitioners (GPs), specialists and other health professionals with an internet-based Medicare claiming and reporting capability.

Medicare Online claiming enables a number of transmission functions including the paperless submission of bulk bill and patient claims, DVA paperless (R5 and later versions), Medicare Allied Health and Community Nursing, and AIR.

A practice must be registered for online claiming before they can use ECLIPSE because of its dependence on Medicare Online claiming technology.

ECLIPSE was first delivered to the market in 2003 and released in a phased approach. As technology evolves, so do the ECLIPSE features.

The functions available to the practice depend on the functions for which the software developer has attained a Notice of Integration (NOI). Functionality may vary greatly between different software packages and it's suggested that all health sector entities thoroughly research the capability of each software product before engaging a developer.

More information on software developers can be found at <u>Software-developers-for-medicare-online-eclipse-and-australian-immunisation-register-air</u>

#### **DVA In-patient medical claiming**

If a DVA in-patient receives treatment as a private patient, the DVA in-patient medical claim can be submitted using the DVA function in Medicare Online.

Online eligibility checking is not required for DVA. DVA online patient verification provides the relevant information to verify the Veteran's eligibility for treatment. See <u>DVA claiming information</u>.

#### **Getting ECLIPSE ready**

Before you can complete your first ECLIPSE transaction, you must:

- Check your software is compatible. View our list of software developers for digital health and aged care.
- Contact your software developer to make sure they can support your online needs such as bulk billing or private patient claims. Your software developer can:
- give you a minor ID unique to your location, used to complete the PRODA organisation linking process
- make sure the health professionals working from your location complete the <u>online claiming provider</u> <u>agreement form</u>
- tell you if you need to register your organisation in PRODA and complete the online linking process.

If you need help with your online claiming registration, call the <u>eBusiness Service Centre</u>.

You need consent to register on behalf of health professionals in your practice and to access their Medicare records. The health professionals must sign the online claiming provider <u>agreement form</u>.

All ECLIPSE payments will be made via Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT). Your banking details must be registered with Services Australia and the private health insurers.

You will also need to clarify whether your ECLIPSE claims need to be submitted as Schemes (SC) or Agreements (AG), and whether you will need to quote a fund payee ID. More information can be found in <u>Submitting in-patient medical claims</u>.

Retrieve the *Get Participants* report by submitting a *Get Participant* request via ECLIPSE. The report provides the details of all private health insurers participating in ECLIPSE as well as the ECLIPSE transactions they support.

The report provides the following details of participating private health insurers:

- Fund brand ID
- trading name of the private health insurer
- contact number for the private health insurer
- date the record was last updated
- ECLIPSE functions supported by the private health insurer.

Approved billing agents must register for online functionality with the private health insurers they will transmit data to. Registration must be done by the approved billing agent.

For help call eBusiness on 1800 700 199

# **Transmitting ECLIPSE claims**

The following steps are recommended to ensure your ECLIPSE claims are successfully transmitted.

#### **Prior to consultation**

#### Request Services Australia and private health insurer details.

When a patient arranges an appointment, ask them to bring their current Medicare and private health insurer cards with them. The patient can also provide their Medicare and private health insurer details over the phone.

This will let you submit an Online Patient Verification request via ECLIPSE using the most current data.

NOTE: Patient consent must first be obtained if you intend to submit this request before the patient's appointment.

#### Consultation

#### Verify patient details

When a patient comes to their initial appointment, you should request their Medicare and private health insurance card details and confirm these against your patient records plus any other relevant documentation they provide such as the Patient Details Form.

#### **Perform Online Patient Verification request**

If an Online Patient Verification request has not been performed before, or the results of a previously conducted request were unsuccessful, you should check the patient's Medicare and private health insurance details shown on their cards against the information held on your patient records and resubmit.

For more information, refer to <u>Appendix A</u>.

#### Important things to note

- 1. When the Medicare and private health insurer patient verifications are performed together, the patient's Medicare details will be checked first. The private health insurer details will be checked if the submitted Medicare details are correct.
- 2. Where the name on the Medicare card differs from the private health insurer card, the private health insurer details can be entered into the alternate name fields in your software.
- 3. The private health insurer component will indicate that a patient holds a level of hospital cover with the private health insurer on the date the patient verification was made. It does not guarantee that benefits are payable for the service/s, or that the patient will be covered on the proposed service date/s.
- 4. A patient verification checks the data entered on the date it is run. For example, if a patient starts a private health insurer membership from tomorrow, and a patient verification is performed today, the patient verification will fail and generate a message advising that the patient is not known to the private health insurer.
- 5. Enter the first name only in the first name field. Where there is no field for the second name or initial, do not enter it in the first name field. Only use hyphens where they are part of the patient's real name.
- 6. The patient's private health insurer unique patient identifier (UPI) is optional. If it is on the member card, or has been supplied verbally, you should use it to assist with the private health insurer matching process.
- 7. Completing any optional data requirements will help with the patient matching.
- 8. Where a patient is known by one name only, that name should be entered as the patient's last name, and the patient's first name should contain 'Onlyname'

## Understanding online patient verification responses

There are five outcomes for an online patient verification response:

Response	Action Required
1. Medicare details are not valid	Check the patient's details against the Medicare card and re- submit if an error is found.
	If the patient details are correct, call the Medicare Provider Enquiry line on 132 150.
	Patients can call Services Australia on 132 011.
2. Medicare has matched the patient, but the details submitted by the practice need to be updated	The patient's card number is known to Medicare, but the first name, individual reference number (IRN), or card issue number in the transmission differs to Medicare records.
	These details should be checked with the patient before updating practice records. If these are confirmed, the patient's records should be updated. If the patient's private health insurer details are still required, the Online Patient Verification request will need to be re-submitted.
3. Medicare details are correct, but the private health insurer details are incorrect	Check the patient's details against the private health insurer membership card. Refer to the Medicare 4 digit return codes for appropriate action.
4. Medicare and Private health Insurer details are correct.	No action is required.

## **Understanding DVA patient verification responses**

There are two types of DVA patient verification:

- 1. DVA patient verification with personal details only, or
- 2. DVA patient verification with DVA file number and personal details.

#### 1. DVA Patient Verification with personal details only

Response	Action Required
1. Personal details match a valid DVA patient record	DVA patient file number and eligibility type is returned to the client
2. Personal Details do not match a valid DVA patient record	Contact DVA to confirm patient details and DVA file number: • 1300 550 457 (metropolitan areas) • 1800 550 457 (non-metropolitan areas)

3. Potential match identified.

Patient details have a potential match with DVA data. Updated details have been supplied. Please check the information returned with the patient, and if correct, update your records.

#### 2. DVA patient verification with DVA file number and personal details

Response	Action Required
1. Details match a valid DVA patient record	DVA patient file number is confirmed and eligibility type is returned to the client.
2. Details do not match a valid DVA patient record	Contact DVA to confirm patient details and DVA file number: • 1300 550 457 (metropolitan areas)
	• 1800 550 457 (non-metropolitan areas)

#### Patient eligibility checking

Patient eligibility checking assists the provider or hospital to determine the patient's out-of-pocket expenses for in-hospital care.

Before a patient eligibility check can be undertaken, consent must be obtained from the patient or a legally appointed guardian.

A check can be submitted for an anticipated admission date up to 12 months in the future, or up to seven days in the past for an emergency admission.

The information returned in the check will be the product and benefit information for the admission date available on the day the check is submitted.

The benefit amounts are the amounts that apply on the day you submit the check and are based on the patient's history plus their level of private health insurance cover. It doesn't take into account future changes to the Medicare Benefits Schedule or private health insurer changes.

The results of the check will be available within 20 minutes of submission. If Services Australia (Medicare) or the private health insurer's systems are unavailable, or can't complete processing within 20 minutes, a message will be returned advising the check was not completed successfully.

Note: It is recommended that you submit one eligibility check to get an informed financial consent (IFC) and, for an admission date well into the future, perform another check before the patient's admission. This will identify any changes in benefits that may impact on the patient's out-of-pocket expenses.

For example:

- the patient has a maximum benefit they can receive in a financial, calendar or membership year from their private health insurance
- the patient has had another service performed since the initial check which is restrictive with the service they are going to receive, or
- checking financial and membership status close to the admission date.

## **Patient authorisation**

Before submitting a check, consent must be obtained from the patient or legally appointed guardian (e.g. guardianship or power of attorney appointee). The way the patient consent is obtained will depend on legislative requirements and your software product.

## Multiple eligibility checks for same patient

Multiple eligibility checks can be submitted for the same patient. This allows for variances that could occur such as different providers, item number/s or hospitals. Each check is assessed in its own right and doesn't take into account any previous checks. For example, if two checks are done for the same admission date by different providers, the hospital excess and/or co-payment will be shown on both responses as payable, although it's only payable once for the admission.

## Types of eligibility checks

Three types of checks are available in ECLIPSE:

- Hospital only checks (ECF): used by hospitals and day surgeries to determine whether the patient is eligible for a selected presenting illness/condition on the admission date. It provides the out-of-pocket expenses for excess, exclusions and co-payments associated with the patient's hospital product.
- Medicare only checks (ECM): used by hospitals, day surgeries and medical providers to determine whether Medicare covers the patient, and what Medicare benefits are payable for in-patient medical services.
- Hospital and medical checks at both Medicare and the private health insurers (Online Eligibility Check= OEC): used by hospitals, day surgeries and medical providers to determine whether the patient is eligible for a selected presenting illness/condition on the admission date. It provides the out-of-pocket expenses for excess, exclusions and co-payments associated with the patient's hospital product, and the Medicare and the private health insurer benefits payable for the medical services.

#### Information on eligibility checks

#### Patient information validation

The first step in the check is a validation check against Medicare and the private health insurer to ensure the patient can be identified. If the patient details are correct, the ECLIPSE system will accept the check for processing.

If Medicare or the private health insurer can't identify the patient, the check won't be processed and you'll receive a response with the reason the patient can't be matched.

Possible reasons why the patient can't be identified:

- the patient is unable to be uniquely identified
- the patient's card number is known to Medicare, but the first name, individual reference number (IRN), or card issue number in the transmission differs from Medicare records
- the patient is known to the private health insurer, but personal or membership details in the transmission differ from the private health insurer's records
- the patient doesn't have hospital cover with the private health insurer.
- Where the patient details are incorrect, check the details with the patient and update your practice or hospital records, then re-submit the check.

For a list of patient verification error messages go to Medicare 4 digit return codes.

## Disclaimer

The check is the best estimate of benefits payable that Medicare and the private health insurer can provide. This is based on the information supplied at the time the check is submitted.

The information from the check isn't a commitment by either Medicare or the private health insurer to pay the claim.

Medicare and the private health insurer may decline a claim based on eligibility or other conditions that apply at the time the claim is made, including:

- pre-existing ailments
- waiting periods not being served
- product exclusions
- accident or compensable claim where damages can be claimed from another source
- cancelled, suspended or non-financial memberships
- The correct claim certification being obtained
- patient's history, or
- changes to the Medicare Benefits Schedule (MBS) items rules and restrictions.

A subsequent claim can have a different outcome to the check. For example:

- the patient receives another treatment before the services outlined in the check are performed and the other treatment is restrictive with these services
- the multiple operation rule is enforced on the operation items in the claim but the services assessed in the check weren't assessed as part of a multiple procedure
- extra services or a change of the presenting illness/condition being performed weren't detailed in the original eligibility check, and
- change of private health insurer membership cover and/or entitlements.

## **Claim Information**

Some mandatory fields are required for successful transmission of claim information. These fields can be broken down into the following three sections:

1. Patient information	
Fund Brand ID:	ABC
Membership Number:	52647891
Unique Patient Identifier:	01
Patient:	John Citizen
Date of Birth:	01/01/1900
Gender:	Μ

Medicare Number:	1234567890
IRN:	1
Account Reference ID:	290876543

2. Hospital information

Facility ID:	1354275W
Admission Date:	02/09/2006
Same Day Indicator:	Ν
Estimated Length of Stay:	05
Presenting Illness:	Hip replacement
Accident Indicator:	Ν
Emergency Indicator:	Ν
PEA Indicator:	Ν

#### 3. Medical information

Claim Type:	AG
Fund Payee ID:	123456
Principal provider:	2347869Y
Servicing Provider:	2347869Y
Service Date	02/09/2006
Item Number:	12345
Fee Charged:	\$1000.00

The above information is an example of the key information requirements of the data in a hospital and medical eligibility request. It doesn't include all data elements.

#### **Presenting illness**

The presenting illness is used to determine the waiting periods, exclusions and any reduced benefits payable.

Some presenting illnesses are for specific treatments or conditions and will result in detailed responses from private health insurers. However, if a general presenting illness such as medical admission (420) or unknown or other surgery (499) is provided, the private health insurer will give a broad response detailing all exclusions or reduced benefits applicable under the patient's cover.

Note: In this case, you need to review all information provided to assess any restrictions or exclusions before providing the information to the patient. If a presenting illness/condition is documented in the response and does apply, you should repeat the check with the specific illness/condition to ensure an accurate patient entitlement is obtained.

For more information, go to privatehealthcareaustralia.org.au

## **Accident indicator**

You must take care when setting the accident indicator to 'Yes' (i.e. the patient's admission is due to an accident) as this will override the normal waiting periods that apply to the presenting illness/condition.

To see if the assessed result changes, it is recommended that this indicator is remains set to 'No' and only set to 'Yes' **if** waiting periods apply and the treatment is as a result of an accident.

Note: Private health insurer approval of the accident must be obtained to ensure claim benefits are payable.

#### **Emergency admission**

The emergency indicator should be set to 'Yes' if the admission results from an emergency. In this case, the check may be submitted up to 7 days prior to the date of admission.

#### **Pre-existing conditions**

Determination of benefits paid by the private health insurer could be based on whether the episode of care relates to a pre-existing ailment (PEA). The PEA indicator allows you to advise the fund whether they should treat the admission as a pre-existing condition.

A two-step process has been developed to help resolve a possible PEA claim.

Always set the PEA indicator to 'No' (not pre-existing). This allows the private health insurer to determine whether the presenting illness/condition may be deemed as possible pre-existing. This information will be returned to you in the response with a warning on the assessment.

If you receive a warning on an eligibility response with a 'Yes' PEA (possible pre-existing) result, you should repeat the check with the PEA indicator set to 'Yes'. The private health insurer will use this indicator to respond as if the presenting illness/condition was deemed pre-existing.

Note: This will allow a 'best case/worst case' scenario.

# **Eligibility processing information**

#### **Restriction override**

The restriction override code should only be set to 'Yes' for an eligibility check when, in a claim situation, service text would normally be supplied. For example, it should be set to 'Y for a diagnostic imaging service where two instances of the same item are claimed, one for the left side and one for the right side.

If this override has not been set, the check returns a Medicare reason to indicate that there may be a restriction.

Another check could be submitted with the restriction override set to 'Yes' to give the patient a 'worst case'/best case' scenario

#### **Multiple procedures**

When multiple services are submitted as part of a check, Medicare will apply the multiple procedures rule. If you are scheduling a patient to undergo two or more operations at different times, you must submit separate checks with the item number/s for each operation.

#### Time dependent restriction override

The check is calculated at the date of submission. For example, the costs and benefits that apply on the date you submit the check may differ from the charges and benefits that actually apply at the time the services are performed. If you know that a time restriction applies to a service for a patient, but the admission date is after the time that the restriction will apply, the time-dependent restriction override should be set to 'Yes'. Note: it can only be used in OEC.

#### **Assistant provider**

If you are submitting a check that includes assistant surgeon services, it must also include the services for the principal surgeon. Assistance can be provided during operations, a caesarean section, or specified interventional obstetric procedures. To be eligible to claim assist services, the surgical services must have 'Assist' notated and this can be viewed in the MBS. The assistant surgeon can't be the surgeon, the anaesthetist or the assistant anaesthetist. Assistant surgeon item numbers are found in Category 3, Group T9 of the MBS.

Note: An independent assistant surgeon check can't be performed on ECLIPSE.

# Interpreting eligibility response information

It is important you understand how to interpret the eligibility response information. The response is broken up into the following:

- overall response
- level of cover
- details applicable to admission, and
- medical benefits payable for the admission, if this is requested in the check.

The following example shows the key information requirements that determine an eligibility response but doesn't include all data elements.

Overall response	
Response Code:	Α
Assessment Code:	1101
Assessment Text:	Eligible for service selected
Level of Cover	
Table Name:	Bronze Hospital
Table Description:	Full cover for hospital accommodation and theatre fees at participating private hospitals and public hospitals in a shared room.
	Basic benefits are payable for benefit limitations (if any). No excess or co-payment applies if basic benefits are payable.
	No benefits are payable on exclusions
Table Scale:	Family
Details applicable to admission	
Co-pay Amount:	
Co-pay Description:	\$50.00 per day to a maximum of \$250.00 per admission
Co-pay Days:	
Excess Amount:	\$200.00
Excess Description:	\$200.00 excess payable per hospital admission (including same day) up to \$1000.00 per family
Excess Bonus Used:	\$0.00
Exclusion Description:	
Benefit Limitations:	Hip replacement
Financial Status:	Ν
Potential PEA:	Υ

Medical Benefits payable	
Item	49527
Charge	\$1540.00
Medicare Benefit	\$ 0.00
Fund Benefit	\$ 0.00
Medicare Explanation	162
Service Assessment	R
	2016
	Benefit for this service has been previously paid

#### Level of cover

From 1 April 2019 private health insurance policies are categorised in to 4 tiers; Gold, Silver, Bronze or Basic. This makes it easier for people to choose the cover that best suits their needs. What is, and is not covered in each tier is based on new minimum standard clinical categories. Clinical categories are types of hospital treatments described in a standard way. Policies that cover a category must cover all the treatments in the category. Health insurers may offer policies with more than the minimum categories.

Some private health insurers include restrictions in the product information, while others show it in the benefit limitations. An example of a restriction is if the policy covers a shared rather than private hospital room. The following example shows how they may appear.

Level of Cover	
Table Name:	Bronze Hospital
Table Description:	Full cover for hospital accommodation and theatre fees at participating private hospitals and public hospitals in a shared room.
	Basic benefits are payable for benefit limitations (if any). No excess or co- payment applies if basic benefits are payable.
	No benefits are payable on exclusions
Table Scale:	Family

#### **Table Name**

This is the name used to make the assessment. This will generally be the patient's level of cover at the date of admission. The only time this may differ is **if** the PEA indicator is set to 'Y' in the incoming request, or the patient has recently upgraded their cover and waiting periods apply on their new level of cover.

Note: This will be clearly visible in the assessment text displayed in the overall response.

#### **Table Description**

The table description is the table the patient is covered by at the date of admission.

#### **Table Scale**

The table scale relates to the membership type such as Family, Single, Couple, or Sole Parent.

## Applicable admission details

Details applicable to admission		
Co-payment Amount:		
Co-payment Description:	\$50.00 per day to a maximum of \$250.00 per admission	
Details applicable to admission		
Remaining:		
Excess Amount:	\$200.00	
Excess Description:	\$200.00 excess payable per hospital admission (including same day) up to \$1000.00 per family.	
Excess Bonus Used:	\$0.00	
Exclusion Description:		
Benefit Limitations:	Hip Replacement	
Financial Status:	Ν	
Potential PEA:	Y	

#### Co payment Amount, Description and Days Remaining

To determine the co-payment payable for the admission, you must use the information supplied in any or all of the co-payment fields. This will help you calculate the co-payment amount.

The estimated length of stay submitted in the request is **not** used to perform any co-payment calculations.

#### **Excess Amount, Description and Excess Bonus**

The excess amount (if displayed) should be the total excess payable for the admission.

If the excess amount is blank, and there is an excess description, use this information to determine if an excess is payable. If the excess amount is \$0.00, no excess is payable.

When a dollar amount appears in the excess bonus used field, an excess bonus has been applied and the excess amount has been reduced by the bonus.

#### **Exclusions**

No benefits are payable for any presenting illness/condition shown in the exclusions field. Care must be taken to ensure the patient is **not** being treated for one of these illnesses/conditions; or the patient will be liable for payment.

#### **Benefit Limitations**

Read this section carefully. It details any applicable restricted benefits at the admission date which may affect the benefit payable.

Note: If the check submitted was for presenting illnesses 420 (medical admission) 499 (unknown or other surgery), and information is displayed in the benefit limitations field, the check should be repeated with the specific illness/condition to ensure an accurate patient entitlement is obtained.

## Financial

The response shown in the financial field indicates whether the patient is financial at the admission date. A response of 'N' (non-financial) means that the patient **must be financial** at the date of admission for the claim to be paid.

Note: It is recommended that you advise patients the payment of a claim will always be subject to their financial status.

#### **Potential PEA Indicator**

If the private health insurer's response is that the presenting illness/condition could be deemed as possible pre- existing, a 'Yes' PEA indicator will be returned with a warning on the assessment.

When a warning response is received with a 'Yes' PEA indicator, the check should be repeated with the PEA indicator set to 'Yes'. The private health insurer will use this indicator to respond as if the presenting illness/condition was deemed pre-existing.

Note: This will allow a 'best case/worst case' scenario.

## **Medical benefits**

When a hospital and medical check, or a Medicare only check, has been requested, the Medicare and/or private health insurer benefits for each MBS item will be displayed.

The amounts displayed in the Medicare Benefit and Fund Benefit fields will be the proposed Medicare and/or the private health insurer benefits paid for the services on the date the check was assessed.

The amounts in all fields should be used to calculate the patient's out-of-pocket expenses.

Where a zero benefit is returned by Medicare and/or the private health insurer, explanation codes and text will be supplied.

For a list of patient verification error messages go to Medicare 3 digit return codes

Medical Be	enefit						
ltem	Charge	Medicare Benefit	Fund Benefit	Medicare Explanation	Service Assess	RHBO Service Exp Code	RHBO Service Exp Text
49527	\$1,570.80	\$1,178.10	\$339.50		Α	I	
49509	\$ 739.20	\$ 554.40	\$155.75		A		
49527	\$1,570.80	\$0.00	\$0.00	162	R	2016	Benefit for this service has previously been paid

# Submitting in patient medical claims

This section covers the submission of the following In-patient medical claim types by a medical practice, an approved billing agent or a hospital:

- Agreement (AG)
- Schemes (SC)
- Patient claims (PC)
- Billing Agent (MB), and
- Billing Agent (MO).

## **Claim Rules**

A claim can only contain:

- one patient
- one billing agent (if applicable)
- one fund payee ID (agreement and scheme claims only, if applicable)
- one principal provider, or
- single or multiple assisting providers

## **Claims not accepted via ECLIPSE**

Claims that are not accepted via ECLIPSE include those with a:

- lodgement date more than two years after the date of service
- charge amount over \$9999.99

## IMC In patient medical claim Agreements (AG) and Scheme (SC) claim

ECLIPSE in-patient medical claiming (AG/SC) functionality allows a practice to electronically submit a claim to Medicare and the private health insurer for an in-patient service where the service is provided under an:

- Approved Gap Cover Scheme (SC) or
- Agreement (AG) (MPPA, HPPA/PA, verbal or signed agreements).

Only unpaid in-patient medical claims can be submitted under these claim types.

We will assess the Medicare component of the claim before sending it to the patient's private health insurer for completion.

Note: A private health insurer can't make payments for MBS items that Medicare has rejected. When all items are rejected by Medicare, a claim won't be forwarded to the private health insurer for assessment.

Claim Types	AG—Agreements (written or verbal), MPPAs, HPPAs/PAs. SC—Approved gap cover schemes.
Availability	IMC (AG/SC) claims can be submitted to ECLIPSE at any time. In most cases, a patient verification will be performed in real-time as part of the claim acceptance/acknowledgment process.
	If the Medicare system is unavailable, the claim will be provisionally accepted and a message will be returned advising that the patient verification has not yet been performed.
	As soon as the Medicare system becomes available, the claim will continue normal processing.
	If the ECLIPSE system is unavailable, you'll receive a message advising you to try again at a later time

Benefits	ECLIPSE claiming has the following benefits for a practice:	
	paperless claiming	
	• Medicare and the private health insurer use the same data as that generated by the practice. There is no need for either entity to rekey data, resulting in a faster turn-around of the claim and the integrity of claim data is maintained	
	<ul> <li>most data validation is performed at the client's end of the system, resulting in fewer rejected claims</li> </ul>	
	additional assessment data can be submitted with claims	
	• privacy is maintained throughout the patient verification process.	
Deletes	Same day deletes are not available for this claim type.	
Timeframes	For the majority of claims, an assessed result will be known within 24 hours. Some claims may take longer to process because of their complexity, resulting in a delay of up to six days.	
	If you have a claim that is outstanding for more than six days, use the status report to highlight whether to contact Medicare or the private health insurer.	
Payments	EFT from the private health insurer.	
	Refer to the Reports section for more information.	
	All private health insurers will supply a paper report for any Release 3 sites.	

Things to check with private health insurers before processing (for each provider)

It is important you check the following information with private health insurers before submitting your first IMC–AG or SC claim.

- 1. The type of simplified billing arrangement you have with the private health insurer, e.g. agreements or schemes.
- 2. Whether you need to quote a Fund Payee ID to direct payment and if so, make sure you know what it is.
- 3. That your EFT banking details are registered with the private health insurer. This is a mandatory requirement for submitting claims through ECLIPSE.

#### Payee provider

A payee (or principal) provider is the health care provider who is paid for the services that they or another servicing provider has performed.

Providing the following details within the claim will direct payment based on the following hierarchy:

- **Billing agent number:** if present, all payments will be directed to the billing agent on behalf of the private health insurer payee or principal provider
- Fund Payee ID: if present, all payments will be directed to the fund payee identification if there isn't a billing agent number
- **Principal provider:** payments will only be directed to the principal provider if there is no fund payee or billing agent number

• Servicing provider: where no principal provider is nominated, the servicing provider will become the principal provider if there is only one servicing provider in the claim. The claim will be rejected if there is more than one servicing provider.

#### Fund Payee ID

Some private health insurers issue their own number to enable them to either:

- link providers for payment of claims, or
- allow providers to have multiple banks accounts.

If this facility is provided by a private health insurer, the Fund Payee ID must be entered into the claim to ensure accurate processing of payments.

#### Fee charged

An agreement or scheme claim will be rejected where the fee charged for that service is greater than the total benefit (Medicare and private health insurer), plus any known out-of-pockets agreed with the private health insurer.

Where the fee charged is less than the agreed rate for that service, private health insurers will only pay up to the fee charged. This will ensure the provider has selected the correct claim type at the start of the claiming process, and the provider is knowingly opting into the agreement or scheme arrangement.

A plus or minus \$0.05 cent tolerance on the fee charged per service line has been allowed to cater for variable rounding rules.

#### **Claim assessment**

Where a private health insurer provides a rejected claim assessment, **no** benefits (Medicare or private health insurer) will be paid to the provider whether or not service lines show 'accepted' or 'rejected'. The claim must be re-submitted for processing with the rejected service lines corrected or removed, or additional information provided if required.

Where a private health insurer accepts a claim assessment, benefits (Medicare and/or private health insurer) will be paid to the provider, whether or not service lines show 'accepted' or 'rejected'.

Where Medicare rejects the whole claim, the claim won't be forwarded to the private health insurer.

Benefits are paid by EFT.

#### IMC In patient medical claim Patient Claims (PC)

ECLIPSE IMC PC functionality allows you to submit an electronic claim to Medicare and the private health insurer for an in-patient service where the service was not provided under a Gap Cover Arrangement (MPPA, HPPA/PA or Approved Gap Cover Scheme), subject to the patient's written or verbal consent.

NOTE: Services Australia does not have a function under the Health Insurance (Medicare) Act 1973 to collect and process information for the purpose of the Income Tax Act 1963 or for services that do not attract a Medicare benefit. By entering miscellaneous items into the system, the agency is acting outside its legal function. As such, 'MISC', "Misc.", '0000', etc are not to be transmitted in the item number field for IMC PC claims.

Patient claims can be either fully paid or fully unpaid.

Claim Type	PC (patient claims)
Availability	The ability to submit claims and receive acknowledgments is available in real- time.
	If the Medicare system is unavailable, the claim will be provisionally accepted by ECLIPSE and a message will be returned to the client advising that the Online Patient Verification (OPV) Patient Medicare Verification (PVM) hasn't yet been performed. As soon as the Medicare system becomes available, the claim will continue normal processing
Benefits	Patient claiming has the following additional benefits for a practice:
	• the claim can be either fully paid or fully unpaid
	<ul> <li>while practices can't sight the claim assessment, they can ensure real-time lodgement of claims with Medicare and private health insurers, greatly improving payment times for unpaid claims.</li> </ul>
Deletes	Same day deletes are not available. A latter day adjustment will be required to amend previously transmitted claim data. Refer Appendix B
Timeframes	Service line assessment information won't be available for patient claims.
	For the majority of claims, you'll know within 24 hours when an assessment has been completed. Some claims may take longer to process because of their complexity, resulting in a delayed response of up to six days.
	If you have a claim that is outstanding for more than six days, contact the Simplified Billing/ECLIPSE enquiries line: 1300 130 043
Assessment Report	A detailed assessment report is not available. A completion notification is supplied
Payments	The patient/claimant is responsible for the account and an ECLIPSE remittance advice is not available for this claim type.

#### **Unpaid accounts**

Where the account is unpaid, 75 per cent of the MBS schedule fee payable by Medicare will be forwarded to the claimant by a cheque made payable to the payee provider.

The private health insurer will determine payment of 25 per cent of the MBS schedule fee in accordance with the terms and conditions of the membership.

#### 90 Day Pay Doctor Cheque Scheme

Under the 90 Day Pay Doctor Cheque Scheme, Medicare will automatically cancel Medicare cheques made payable to eligible health professionals through their patient when the cheque hasn't been banked after 90 days. The amount is then paid directly into the health professional's nominated bank account.

Eligible health professionals include registered GPs, specialists and consultant physicians (including pathologists).

More information on this scheme can be obtained by contacting Services Australia Provider Enquiries on **132 150** 

#### **Paid accounts**

When an account has been paid, 75 per cent of the MBS schedule fee is paid to the claimant, directly by EFT. The private health insurer will determine payment of the health fund gap with the terms and conditions of the membership.

#### Claimant

The person claiming the Medicare benefit might not be the patient, when a person other than the patient is responsible for the claim.

When this happens, the Medicare benefit payment is paid to the responsible person, the claimant. The claimant doesn't need to be on the same Medicare card number as the patient but must be eligible for Medicare in order to submit their claim through ECLIPSE. A claimant who is not eligible for Medicare would need to submit their claim direct to Medicare.

Note: Private health insurers will only make the 25 per cent benefit payable to people on the patient's membership and this may differ to the Medicare claimant.

#### IMC In patient medical claim Billing Agent (MO) and (MB)

For any in-patient service not provided under Gap Cover Arrangements (MPPA, HPPA/PA or Approved Gap Cover Scheme), ECLIPSE IMC Patient Claiming allows a billing agent to submit an electronic claim to:

- Medicare only, or
- Medicare and the private health insurer.

Only unpaid patient claims can be submitted by a billing agent.

Register your EFT banking details with the private health insurer before transmitting your first claim. This is a mandatory requirement for submitting claims through ECLIPSE.

Claim Types	MO – Medicare only MB – Medicare and private health insurer
Availability	Submitting claims and receiving acknowledgments are available in real-time during the normal Medicare and private health insurer operating hours.
	If the Medicare system is unavailable, the claim will be provisionally accepted by ECLIPSE and a message will be returned to the client advising that the PVM hasn't yet been performed. As soon as the Medicare system becomes available, the claim will continue normal processing.
Benefits	ECLIPSE MB/MO claiming has additional benefits for a billing agent: Medicare only claims can be accepted.
	The Medicare/private health insurer benefits will be paid directly to the billing agent.
Deletes	Same day deletes are not available for these claim types. A latter day adjustment will be required to amend previously transmitted claim data. Refer Adjustments page.
Timeframes	For most claims, an assessed result will be known within 24 hours. Some claims may take longer to process because of their complexity, resulting in a delayed response of up to six days.
	If you have a claim that is outstanding for more than six days, contact the Claims Processing Enquiries line: 1300 130 043
Payments	EFT to the billing agent.
	Refer to the Reports section for more information.
	Payments to the approved billing agent are made separately by Medicare and the private health insurer.

#### **Claim reconciliation**

All claims submitted will receive an ECLIPSE Remittance Advice (ERA).

#### Payment reports

Patient claims submitted by a billing agent receive a payment report. All patient claim payment information submitted by a practice is returned to the patient or claimant.

#### ECLIPSE Remittance Advice (ERA)

The private health insurer will initiate an ECLIPSE Remittance Advice (ERA) to the submitting location when they deposit the EFT funds into your bank account. If you have more than one payee submitting per location, you will receive a remittance advice for each payee.

For more information go to the section on ERA

## **Reports**

The reports currently available to ECLIPSE users are detailed in this section.

Reports can be retrieved using the retrieve report function. The format and content of these reports depend on the type of software used by the practice.

#### **Get Participants report**

A Get Participants report returns the details of all ECLIPSE enabled private health insurers.

The report is requested from a practitioner's site and a response is provided in real-time. The retrieval method depends on the software used. New private health insurers come on board regularly and existing private health insurers upgrade to new releases, giving you access to more transactions and functionality. Request reports regularly to ensure you have access to the latest information and services.

#### Status reports

The status report provides the status of a transaction.

Depending on your software, the report may be requested, or it can be provided automatically in response to a submitted transaction.

The response will depend on the state of the transmission as per the following categories:

- 'Processing' (applies to patient verifications in claiming, claiming and eligibility checks)
- 'Ready' (applies to claiming, eligibility checks and remittances), or
- 'Reported' (applies to claiming, eligibility checks and remittances).

Responses depend on the originating transaction. For example, private health insurer responses won't be seen in the in-patient medical claim Medicare-only patient verification.

#### Processing

Response	Description
Received	Claim or eligibility check is received and accepted for processing
Medicare Unverified	The PVM process failed
Medicare Verified	The PVM is successful—PVF is being performed
Health Fund Unverified	The PVF failed
Health Fund Verified	The PVF is successful
Medicare Assessing	The claim or eligibility check is being assessed by Medicare
Health Fund Assessing	The claim or eligibility check is being assessed by a health fund

#### Ready

Response	Description
Medicare Rejected	Claim rejected by Medicare —report available
Health Fund Rejected	Claim rejected by health fund—report available
Complete	Claim or eligibility assessment is complete—report available
Requested Delete	For IMC PC

#### Reported

Response	Description
Complete	The report has been retrieved.

## **Claims processing report**

A claim processing report provides information on the medical services provided in a claim.

Claim processing reports can be retrieved at any time and may be requested more than once within the sixmonth period after the claim is complete. The presentation and structure of the report will depend on the type of software your practice uses, but should provide the following details:

Data	Description
Account Reference ID	This is set by the location when the claim was transmitted.
Claim Fund Assessment Code	A = You will be paid for a service line with a benefit greater than zero R = Rejected—No payment made W = Warning C = Completed These codes with your service assessment will determine what you will or won't be paid.
Claim ID	Claim identifier Used in conjunction with the receipt date to identify claims sent to a health fund.
Current Patient First Name	Patient's first name recognised by Medicare Returned when this information differs to that sent by the client system.

Current Patient Medicare Card Number	Medicare Card number recognised by Medicare. Returned when this information differs to that sent by the client system.
Current Patient Reference Number	The patients Individual Reference Number as known by Medicare. Returned when this information differs to that sent by the client system.
Fund Status Code	2-digit identifier that identifies the version of the statement format. The version number will increase for subsequent releases.
Medicare Card Flag Code	An indicator that details the problem Medicare has with the submitted Medicare card.
Medicare Status Code	Return Code associated with OPV request.
Patient Family Name	The patient's family name.
Patient First Name	The patient's first given name.
	Where a patient has only one name, that name should appear in the <i>PatientFamilyName</i> field and the text 'Onlyname' be entered in the <i>PatientFirstName</i> field.
Patient Medicare Card Number	The patient's Medicare Card Number.
Patient Reference Number	The patient's Medicare Reference Number. This number appears to the left of the patient's name on their Medicare card.
Process Status Code	A code to indicate the processing status of the claim/request.
Claim Fund Explanation Code	The Fund's explanation (reason) code for the claim assessment status.
Claim Fund Explanation Text	The Fund's explanation text for the specified Claim Fund Explanation Code.
Charge amount	The amount charged for the service in cents.
Date of service	The date the service was provided to the patient or the patient was assessed.
Fund Benefit Amount	The Fund benefit paid/payable for this individual service in cents.
Item Number	A number that identifies the services provided to enable assessment of the claim for benefit.

Medicare Benefit Amount	The Medicare benefit paid/payable for this individual service in cents.
Medicare Explanation Code	Medicare Service Explanation / Reason Code. Provides additional information on the assessment of a service.
Schedule Fee	The fee determined in the Medical Benefits Schedule for this individual service.
Service Fund Assessment Code	The assessment status of a service determined by the Fund.
Service ID	A unique identifier for the service within the claim. This is the Object ID assigned to the service when created.
Service Fund Explanation Code	The Fund's explanation (reason) code for the service assessment status. Provides additional information on the assessment of a service.
Service Fund Explanation Text	The Fund's explanation text for the service explanation code.

Billing agents can only retrieve the claim processing report after the private health insurer has paid their benefit to the billing agents.

## **Eligibility processing report**

An eligibility processing report provides information on the hospital out-of-pocket expenses, prosthesis and medical services requested in a check.

If the OEC is accepted, Medicare and private health insurer assessing is conducted as required. The results will be available for retrieval in real time.

OEC reports are only available for seven days after the completed time.

The presentation and structure of this report will depend on the software used by the practice, but should return the following details:

Data	Description
Account Reference ID	This was set by the location when the claim was transmitted.
Benefit Limitations	Description of waiting period and benefit limitations applicable at anticipated admission date.
Claim Fund Assessment Code	The assessment status of a claim on its return to the Hub from the Fund.
Co-Payment Amount	The amount of product co-payment dollars to be paid for a predefined period in the Co-Payment Amount Description. There may be circumstances where the dollar amount can't be calculated from the OEC information. In this case the dollar amount may be left blank and the circumstances are covered in the co-payment amount description.

Co-Payment Days Remaining	The number of days remaining that the patient has a co- payment amount applied to their cover.
Co-Payment Description	This is a free text field that holds the description of the co- payment and how it is applied.
Current Patient First Name	Patient's first name recognised by Medicare.
	Returned when this information differs to that sent by the client system.
Current Patient Medicare Card Number	Medicare Card number recognised by Medicare.
	Returned when this information differs to that sent by the client system.
Current Patient Reference Number	The patient's individual Reference Number as known by Medicare.
	Returned when this information differs to that sent by the client system.
Current Veteran File Number	The patient's individual File Number as known by DVA. Returned when this information differs to that sent by the client system
Excess Amount	The amount of excess the patient will pay for this admission based on the policy information at the date of lodgement.
	Can be blank. If blank, refer to Excess Amount Description for information.
Excess Amount Description	This is a free-text field that holds information on the excess amount and how it is to be applied.
Excess Bonus Amount	Amount in dollars that can be used to reduce the excess amount.
Exclusion Description	The exclusions that apply to the hospital cover.
Financial Status	The financial status of a membership at anticipated date of admission.
Fund Reference ID	This is a reference allocated by the health fund identify an OEC outcome.
Fund Status Code	Funds Patient Verification Fund assessment result code.
Medicare Status Code	Return Code associated with OPV request.
PEA Potential Indicator	This is used to indicate whether a potential previously existing ailment scenario was identified by the Health Fund.

Process Status Code	A code to indicate the processing status of the claim/request.
Table Name	The table name, used for the assessment of the OEC, that the patient has hospital cover for.
Table Scale	This is a free-text field that holds information on the table scale. For example Single, Family, etc.
Table Description	This is free text field that holds the description of the table that the patient has hospital cover for.
Table Scale	This is a free text field that holds information on the table scale. For example Single or Family.
Voucher ID	Identifies voucher within claim
	This is the Object ID assigned to the Voucher when created.
Claim Fund Explanation Code	The Fund's explanation (reason) code for the claim assessment status.
Charge Amount	The amount charged for the service in cents.
	For Bulk Bill and DVA claims, this is the benefit assigned.
Date Of Service	The date the service was provided.
Fund Benefit Amount	The amount the health fund is paying for the service.
Item Number	A number that identifies the services provided to enable assessment of the claim for benefit.
Medicare Benefit Amount	The Medicare benefit paid/payable for this individual service in cents.
Medicare Explanation Code	Medicare Service Explanation / Reason Code. Provides additional information on the assessment of a service.
Service Fund Assessment Code	The assessment status of a service determined by the Fund.
Schedule Fee	The fee determined in the Medical Benefits Schedule for this individual service.
Service Code	The service number being charged.
Service Code Type Code	The type of item being charged.
Service ID	A unique identifier for the service in the claim.
	This is the Object ID assigned to the service when created.

Service Fund Explanation Code	The Fund's explanation (reason) code for the service assessment status. Provides additional information on the assessment of a service.
Service Fund Explanation Text	The Fund's explanation text for the service explanation code.

## **ECLIPSE Remittance Advice (ERA) report**

ERA reports are only available for the following claim types

Claim Type	Description
AG	An unpaid in-patient episode where the service was provided under an Agreement (MPPA, HPPA/PA).
SC	An unpaid in-patient episode where the practitioner has opted to participate in an Approved Gap Cover Scheme.
MB	A claim submitted by a billing agent for an unpaid in-patient episode where the service wasn't provided under Gap Cover Arrangements (MPPA, HPPA/PA or Approved Gap Cover Scheme).
МО	A claim submitted by a billing agent for an unpaid in-patient episode where the service wasn't provided under Gap Cover Arrangements (MPPA, HPPA/PA or Approved Gap Cover Scheme).

An ERA report provides information relating to the payment for medical services provided in a claim. ERA reports can be retrieved at any time, and may be requested more than once in a six-month period after the original request. The presentation and structure of this report will depend on the type of software used by the practice, but should return the following details:

Data	Description (provided once per remittance)
Payment Run Date	This is the payment run date.
Payer Name	This contains the name of the paying organisation.
Remittance Advice ID	The health fund's reference.
Payee Location ID	The payee's location ID.
Part No	When the remittance advice is large, it will be split into parts. This number will assist to ensure all parts of the report have been collected.
Part Total	When the remittance advice has been split, this is the total number of parts.
Bank Account Number	The last four digits of the bank account number the monies are being paid into.

Bank Account Name	The bank account name the monies are paid to.
BSB Code	The BSB of the bank the monies are paid to.
Payment Reference	The payment reference on the bank statement.
The payment reference on the bank statement.	The total amount of the EFT deposit.
Transaction ID	The transaction ID of the claim being paid.
Account Reference ID	The account reference ID of the claim being paid.
Benefit	The amount of benefit being paid for the claim.
Claim ID	The claim ID of claim.
Date of Lodgement	The date of lodgement of the claim.
Claim Channel Code	The channel of the claim.

#### NOTE:

Online Technical Support Helpdesk (OTS) will perform the following steps for missing ECLIPSE Remittance Advices (ERAs).

Note: Due to the way the payment cycle for ECLIPSE claims works, Medicare and Private Health Insurance (PHI) companies can investigate claims that have been sent a minimum of 30 calendar days prior to the request being made. The reason for this is to allow Medicare and the PHI the chance to release payments and generate the reports.

If claims are under 30 days old from date of lodgement OTS will advise the software developer to have the site keep trying to retrieve the ERA.

If a software developer submits a request to OTS for an ERA search on behalf of their site, they must provide the IMC transaction ID information via email. OTS will check the IMCs to confirm if they are successful claims, and the date of lodgement.

If the request is for a rejected claim, OTS will advise that no ERA is available for rejected claims.

If the request is for non-rejected claims, OTS area will check the supplied claims to see if an ERA has already been received from the PHI for the claim.

If no ERA is present then the OTS area will contact the PHI for the claim and request that the outstanding ERA be investigated and supplied to Medicare, so that it can be retrieved by the site. If the PHI is able to they will submit the ERA to Medicare as expected via ECLIPSE.

If the PHI is unable to do so they will be asked to please provide a manual statement to the Medical Location so that the claims paid can be receipted off.

When information has been supplied, the ERA is checked and the transaction IDs are emailed back to the software developer for retrieval.

#### Processing messages and response codes

Response Codes documented in the manual apply to private health insurers processing only. As new private health insurer processing requirements emerge, processing codes can be added and deleted. The descriptions used in the messages are standardised and apply to all private health insurers.

Processing messages can be displayed in transactions for one of the following reasons:

- message advising a rejection and possible cause
- information only, or
- a warning that you will need to note.

The latest list of private health insurer processing codes and messages can be located at **privatehealthcareaustralia.org.au**.

#### Medicare explanation codes

Medicare explanation codes, or reason codes, assist you by providing information on the assessment of the claim. For a viewable and downloadable table of codes and explanations go to <u>Medicare 4 digit return codes</u>.

# **Medicare service contacts**

Medicare services contacts	
eBusiness Service Centre (for enquiries about online claiming)	1800 700 199
ECLIPSE registration	
Business support	
On-site visits for providers	
Assistance with the transmission process	
Enquiries about grant or incentive payments	
Changed contact/practice details.	
Technical problems - missing claims, confirmation of transmissions	
eBusiness Service Centre	1800 700 199
	Option 1 PRODA
	Option 2 Digital eCertificates
	Option 3 electronic claiming
	Option 4 enquiries Health Professional Online Services (HPOS)
Simplified Billing Claims Processing Enquiries.	
Simplified Billing/ECLIPSE enquiries line:	1300 130 043

ECLIPSE Enquiries for Policy and procedures Complaints and disputes Feedback and suggestions. Email: DCM.SUPPORT@servicesaustralia.gov.au	
Medicare Services Enquiries (providers) Provider eligibility. Medicare Services Enquiries (providers)	132 150
Medicare Services Enquiries (public)	132 011
VAP Provider Enquiries	1300 550 457
Provider invoicing and billing enquiries	1300 550 017

# **Private health insurer contacts**

For the individual functionality and contact details of each private health insurer involved in ECLIPSE, see the <u>Private Health Insurers fund functionality and contact details</u>.

## **General information**

## Informed financial consent (IFC)

Where there is an out-of-pocket expense, a practice must confirm that written informed financial consent (IFC) has been obtained from the patient before a medical claim can be submitted under a Gap Cover Scheme.

## **Obtaining informed financial consent**

For an MPPA or HPPA/PA, written or verbal IFC must be obtained. In addition, written IFC must be obtained under a Gap Cover Scheme.

Where a practice submits an in-patient medical claim (IMC) under a Known or No Gap Cover Scheme, the practice must indicate that IFC has been given before submitting the claim to Medicare for assessment. This shows that the practice has informed the patient of any amounts the patient could be expected to pay for treatment, and that the patient has acknowledged this advice.

Where IFC is not required because the patient would not incur any out-of-pocket expenses under a Gap Cover Scheme, the practice uses the 'Not Obtained' option.

#### **Financial interest disclosure**

Under an Approved Gap Cover Scheme, a servicing practitioner must disclose to an insured patient any financial interest that the practitioner has in any product or service recommended or given to the patient.

Where an indication of financial disclosure is not evident in an ECLIPSE claim, the claim will not be accepted.

## Field notes – Patient information

If an error is encountered with the patient information you will need to correct and resubmit it.

Patient Information	
Fund:	ABC
Membership Number:	52647891
Patient Information	
Unique Patient Identifier:	01
Patient:	John Citizen
Date of Birth:	01/01/1900
Gender:	Μ
Medicare Number:	1234567890
IRN	1
Account Reference Id:	290876543

Refer to Medicare digital claiming 4 digit return codes for a list of error codes that are produced from this data.

#### **Account Reference ID**

This is a reference number allocated by the provider to identify the patient in the eligibility request.

# Field notes -Hospital information

The following elements are used to determine if an in-patient hospital claim is payable by the private health insurer:

Example only:	Hospital Input Elements
Facility ID:	1354275W
Admission Date:	02/09/2006
Same Day Indicator:	Ν
Estimated Length of Stay:	05
Presenting Illness:	Hip Replacement
Accident Indicator:	Ν
Emergency Indicator:	Ν
PEA Indicator:	Ν

# **Facility ID**

This is the hospital provider number where the anticipated admission is to be undertaken.

## **Admission date**

The date the patient is expected to be admitted to hospital. The admission date can be 12 months in advance of the date you are enquiring, or seven days past the date for emergency admissions.

Note: This date is used to determine the member's eligibility to have the presenting illness/condition treated.

# Same day indicator

The same day indicator advises the private health insurer if the patient will be admitted overnight in the facility. This information is used to determine excess or co-payment arrangements payable under the patient's cover.

# **Estimated length of stay**

This information is used as a guide only. The information supplied is **not** used to make any calculations for excess or co-payment information.

# Field notes – Medical information

This section is the medical component of the eligibility check.

The following example shows the key information requirements that determine an eligibility response and does not include all data elements.

Example only	Hospital Input Elements
Claim Type Code:	AG
Fund Payee Id:	123456
Principal Provider:	2347869Y
Servicing provider:	2347869Y
Service Date:	02/09/2006
Item Number/s:	57521
Fee Charged:	4370

# **Claim type code**

Valid claim types are:

- AG (agreement claims)
- SC (schemes)
- PC (patient claims)
- MB (Billing Agent)
- MO (Billing Agent)

Note: The claim type will determine the medical benefit type payable by the private health insurers.

# **Fund Payee ID**

The Fund Payee ID is used by **some** private health insurers to determine the benefit rate payable for an AG or SC claim.

# **Principal Provider**

The principal provider is the provider who will be paid for the service. Generally, the principal provider will be one of the servicing providers. However, this may not be the case for a locum.

For 'unpaid claims', the principal provider is entitled to the benefits even if they are not one of the servicing providers. This ensures that the principal provider can claim on behalf of locum providers and assistants.

# **Servicing Provider**

The servicing provider is the provider who will perform the service. There can only be one servicing provider per eligibility check unless an assistant provider is required.

Note: Separate eligibility checks must be performed when there is more than one health care provider, other than an assistant involved in the treatment—for example, a surgeon and an anaesthetist.

# **MBS item numbers**

All MBS item numbers for services that will be performed during the in-patient treatment should be submitted in one eligibility check to ensure full out-of-pocket expenses are identified.

# Fee charged

The fee charged relates to the fee that will be charged for the medical service.

# **Claim processing information**

### Anaesthesia

The RVG is based on an anaesthetic unit system which reflects the difficulty and the total time of the service. Under the RVG, the MBS fee for anaesthesia in connection with a procedure is comprised of up to three components:

- basic units allocated to each anaesthetic procedure, reflecting the degree of difficulty of the procedure (Initiation of Management of Anaesthesia);
- a time unit reflecting the total time of the anaesthetic, and
- modifying unit/s recognising certain added complexities.

The Department of Health and Aged Care has incorporated the *Relative Value Guide (RVG)* for Anaesthesia into the Medicare Benefits Schedule (MBS).

This guide as an outline of the RVG system, some recommended billing guidelines, example accounts, example Medicare benefit statement information. This information is available online from the MBS under section *T10.1* –*Relative Value Guide for Anaesthetics* or <u>mbsonline.gov.au</u>

## Assisting anaesthetist

The RVG provides for a separate benefit to be paid for the services of an assistant anaesthetist in connection with an operation or series of operations in specified circumstances. The assistant anaesthetist can't be the surgeon, assistant surgeon or principal anaesthetist, that is, the doctor can act in one capacity only at the operation.

# **Benefits**

For anaesthesia assistance, the time taken is the period that the assistant anaesthetist is in active attendance. The following information must be entered for an assistant anaesthetist:

- date of service
- item numbers relating to the assistant services performed

- assistant anaesthetist's provider number, and
- fees charged.

The RVG provides for a separate benefit to be paid an assistant anaesthetist for an operation or series of operations in specified circumstances.

The assistant anaesthetist can't be the surgeon, assistant surgeon or principal anaesthetist, that is, the doctor can act in one capacity only at the operation.

You must enter in the service text field the name and/or number of the principal anaesthetist, anaesthetic item number/s and surgical item number/s.

#### Time dependant restriction override

Some MBS items have a time restriction, meaning no benefit is payable for an item if it is claimed within a set period of time after it, or a related item, has previously been claimed.

In certain cases, this restriction needs to be over-ridden. For example, for MBS Item 12201, the restriction can be over-ridden if the patient is booked into the hospital after the restriction on the item number expires, but the earlier check would show the restriction.

## **Assisting provider**

If you are submitting an in-patient medical claim that includes assistant surgeon services, it must also include the services for the principal surgeon and the principal surgeon's name or provider number. This information can be provided in service text. Assistance can be provided during operations, a caesarean section, or specified interventional obstetric procedures. The assistant surgeon can't be the surgeon, the anaesthetist or the assistant surgeon item numbers are found in Category 3, Group T9 of the Medicare Benefits Schedule.

An assistant's claim can come as part of the principal provider's claim or as a separate claim. Where the assistant is lodging a separate claim, the assistant must use his/her provider number in the principal provider field for payment of the claim.

One claim can have multiple assisting providers but only one principal provider. Where the assisting provider is paid separately to the principal provider, the principal provider's claim must be submitted and assessed before the assistant's claim.

#### Assistant provider where the assistant items are included on surgeons account

Medicare benefits are payable to the doctor who assists the surgeon during a surgical procedure. Assistance can be provided during operations, a caesarean section or during specified interventional obstetric procedures.

The assistant surgeon can't be the surgeon, the anaesthetist or the assistant anaesthetist. Assistant surgeon item numbers can be found in Category 3, <u>Group T9</u> of the Medicare Benefits Schedule.

You must enter in the service text field the name and/or number of the assistant surgeon.

If an assisting provider lodges a claim separate, the assisting provider must be listed as the health care service provider, and the following details should be provided in the text field of the assistant service(s):

- principal provider name and/or numbers
- principal provider MBS surgical item numbers.

# **Assistant services**

The following table lists the **ServiceText** requirements for claiming for services performed by an assistant surgeon or anaesthetist.

Lodging Provider	Service Text Requirements	Constraints
Assisting Anaesthetist	Must contain: • principal anaesthetist name and/or Provider Number • anaesthetic/surgical item number/s e.g. Surgeon=1234567X Item=36842	The assistant anaesthetist can't be the: • surgeon • assistant surgeon • principal anaesthetist.
Assisting Provider	Must contain: • principal provider name and/or number • principal provider MBS Surgical item Numbers e.g. Surgeon=1234567X Item=36842	<ul> <li>The assistant surgeon can't be the:</li> <li>surgeon</li> <li>anaesthetist</li> <li>assistant anaesthetist.</li> </ul>
Principal Surgeon/Anaesthetist (assistant has been paid)	Must contain: • provider number of the assistant e.g. Assistant=1234567X	The surgeon/anaesthetist can't be the assistant.

## Locums

Locum accounts can be processed by noting the locum provider as the servicing provider and inputting the payee provider number in the principal provider field. Payment will go to the principal provider.

# Reamputation

In the case of reamputation of a previously amputated stump, to provide adequate skin and muscle cover, the Medicare Benefit for Item 44376 is calculated using a Schedule Fee that is 75 per cent of the original amputation fee for the item number listed in the MBS.

In addition to mandatory information required by all claims, the claim must contain the:

- original amputation item number with the reamputation date of service, provider number and a charge of \$1.00. The \$1.00 charge allows the claims to be sent from the practice system, and
- reamputation Item 44376, date of service, provider number and charge.

The benefit for the reamputation item will be paid/shown against the original amputation item. The reamputation item will be rejected with reason code 128 (benefit paid on associated amputation item).

# Referrals

A referral is a letter to a specialist or consultant physician requesting investigation, opinion, treatment and management of a condition or problem, performance of a specific examination, or test relating to a single course of treatment.

A single course of treatment involves an initial attendance by a specialist or consultant physician and the continuing management/treatment up to the stage where the patient is referred back to the care of the referring practitioner.

More information on referral details is in the Medicare Benefit Schedule Book.

A medical practitioner or approved dental practitioner (oral surgeon) can refer a patient to a specialist or a consultant physician, and a registered optometrist can refer a patient to a specialist ophthalmologist.

For referrals issued by a specialist or consultant physician, the referral period is:

- three months from the date of the initial consultation when the patient is not an in-patient, or
- three months from the date of the initial consultation or the duration of the hospital admission, whichever is longer, when the patient is an in-patient.

For referrals issued by practitioners other than a specialist or consultant physician, the referral period is 12 months from the date of the initial consultation with the patient—unless the referring practitioner indicates a shorter, longer or indefinite period.

The referral letter/note written by the referring provider must contain the following details:

- patient's full name
- referring provider name and either provider number and/or address
- information concerning the patient's condition
- period of referral, if other than 12 months
- signature of referring provider, and
- date the letter was written.

The written referral must be received by the specialist or consultant physician on or before the delivery of the professional service to which the referral relates.

Referrals for more than 12 months should only be made where the patient's clinical condition requires the continuing care and management of a specialist or a consultant physician for a specific condition(s).

## **Referrals in hospital**

If a referral for a privately admitted patient is generated in a hospital for a service in that hospital, Medicare benefits will be paid at the referred rate if the 'H' indicator (denoting an in-hospital referral) is used. ECLIPSE claims with an in-hospital referral can be submitted with either the 'hospital's provider number' (facility ID) or the hospital name.

The provision applies to both initial and subsequent attendances for an admitted patient.

# Lost, stolen or destroyed referrals

If a referral has been made, but the letter has been lost, stolen or destroyed, Medicare benefits will be paid at the referred rate if the appropriate indicator is used, or the claim is notated with 'lost referral' in the service text field.

# **Emergency situations**

If the referral relates to an emergency, Medicare benefits will be paid at the referral rate if the appropriate indicator is used, or the claim is notated with 'emergency referral' in the service text field.

These two provisions only apply to the initial attendance, and a letter of referral should be obtained for subsequent services.

# **Requests for specialist services**

A medical practitioner, approved dental practitioner, oral and maxillofacial surgeon, prosthodontist, chiropractor, physiotherapist and podiatrist may request a variety of services for a patient.

A request is valid only for the specific service requested.

A written request from a practitioner for diagnostic imaging or pathology services must contain the following details:

- patient's full name
- requesting provider's name and provider number and/or address
- sufficient information to identify the item of service requested
- signature of requesting provider, and
- date of request.

## **Special circumstances**

#### Lost, stolen or destroyed requests

If a written request for services has been lost, stolen or destroyed, Medicare benefits will be paid if the claim is endorsed 'lost request'. The indicator is 'L'.

#### **Emergency request**

Where services are requested in an emergency situation, Medicare benefits will be paid if the claim is endorsed 'emergency request'. The indicator is 'E'.

#### Self-determined

A specialist may deem services to be necessary. In this case, the services are self-determined and are not subject to the written request requirements. Medicare benefits will be paid if the claim is endorsed 'self-determined' or 'SD'.

#### Same day deletes

There is no facility to delete a claim once it has been accepted by the ECLIPSE hub. If you want to delete a claim after this time, contact the eBusiness Service Centre. They will advise the most appropriate course of action depending on the outcome of the claim assessment.

#### Adjustments

There is no mechanism to submit a claim adjustment through ECLIPSE. All latter day adjustments must be sent manually to both Medicare and the private health insurer. Refer to <u>Appendix B for more information</u>.

#### Free format text

Any claim that contains free format text requires manual intervention at Medicare. This will cause a processing delay in the assessment of that claim. The amount of free format text has been reduced by additional input fields on the processing of some services.

#### **Fee charged**

Notional charges aren't accepted through ECLIPSE. All service lines must contain a fee charged.

#### The overall OEC response

The response code will advise you if a check has been successful.

The overall response	
Response Code	A
Assessment Code:	1101
Assessment Text:	Eligibility confirmed for the selected service

Eligibility Response Code	What it means	What you need to do
A-Accepted	The patient <b>is eligible</b> to claim for the presenting illness at the admission date.	Check the product description for what is payable. Provide the details to the patient with a copy of the disclaimer as evidence that he/she has been informed. The patient may choose to provide/give informed financial consent to proceed with the surgery.
W–Warning	This indicates that the patient <b>may be eligible</b> to claim for the presenting illness but there are certain conditions detailed in the response that must be satisfied before the patient is admitted.	Check the response as conditions apply. For example the member may not be financial, benefit limitations apply or the presenting illness could be pre-existing.
R-Rejected	The patient is <b>not eligible</b> to claim for the presenting illness at the admission date.	Inform the patient that the health fund won't pay for the cost of treatment for the presenting illness/condition. Note: Medicare benefits may still be payable.

The response codes and the appropriate actions to take are outlined below:

A response of 'A' or 'R' is reasonably straightforward. However, an assessment response of 'W' means there are conditions that **must** be noted which affect the payment of benefits. The message detail section **must** be checked carefully for a response of 'W'.

# **DVA claiming information**

# Veteran verification

#### **Truncation of names**

The Veteran verification processes will shorten the Veteran's first name to 12 characters and their surname to 18 characters when a request is submitted. This is how the details will be reported back to a client system and should be reviewed before the patient records are automatically updated.

#### **Entitlement information**

The Veteran verification processes will return the Veteran's card type where known to DVA. However, in some cases this may be returned as a space where the Veteran is known to DVA but the card type can't be determined. In these cases, providers should contact the Veterans Access Payment (VAP) Enquiry Line (**1300 550 017**) to determine the Veteran's card type and resolve any potential eligibility issues.

#### **Unknown patient**

When Veteran details are unknown to DVA and are transmitted in a claim, these patient services will be rejected with *Reason Code 376—patient cannot be identified from the information supplied*. In these cases providers should contact the VAP Enquiry Line (**1300 550 017**) to determine the Veteran's card type and any potential eligibility issues.

#### **DVA file number validation**

The DVA file number is used when claiming for persons covered by Department of Veterans' Affairs. The Veteran file number has nine Characters in total, but trailing spaces are permitted on the right hand side. This number is a string and no spaces are allowed between characters.

The DVA file number contains the following fields:

- state identifier
- war code
- numeric field, and
- dependency indicator.

#### DistanceKms

- if set, **ItemNum** must be set to KM
- if set, **ChargeAmount** can't be set
- if set, must be the last service within the same voucher as the associated item
- can't be set where it is the only service in the voucher. The associated service must be present in the same voucher.

#### ReferralOverrideTypeCde and RequestOverrideTypeCde

The requirement for a referral or request is determined by legislation and is described for each item in the MBS. Override indicators don't apply to all claim or service types and only apply in special circumstances. An override indicator shouldn't be set unless an exception to the requirement for referral/request is allowed as defined for each item in the MBS. The 'H' indicator isn't directly related to the **TreatmentLocationCde** of 'H' for patients that are admitted to hospital.

#### Fees and rounding rules

- Derived fees-rounded up to the nearest five cents
- REI-schedule fee increased by 10 per cent and rounded up or down to the nearest five cents
- LMO-schedule fee increased by 15 per cent and rounded up to the nearest five cents
- REI and LMO-schedule fee increased by 10 per cent and rounded up or down to the nearest 5 cents. This is the REI fee. The REI fee is increased by 15 per cent and rounded up to the nearest five cents.

### **RVG and RMFS**

Please refer to the <u>DVA Fee Schedules for Medical Services</u> book for correct fees. Corrections and updates (particularly to derived fees) to published fees are available from the DVA website at <u>https://www.dva.gov.au/providers/fee-schedules</u>

#### **Specialist consultation items**

Specialist consultations should be claimed using **ServiceTypeCde** set to 'S' to ensure the claim is processed correctly with referral details. Please note that providers should refer to the MBS to determine the requirement for request and/or referral details and to determine whether an override is applicable.

# **Pathology claims**

# PmsClaimId

The use of a hash (#) value in the **PmsClaimId** is only valid for in-patient pathology service claims (e.g. a patient admitted to hospital). All pathology services present in the claim will be assessed as in-hospital pathology.

# Mantoux Item (73811)

This item can now be set in any position within a voucher. It can also occur with or without:

- request details present, and
- other MBS items (requested or otherwise).

# **ECG Items**

ECG items can now be created within a pathology claim but must be listed as the first item in the voucher. When transmitted in a pathology claim, it should be listed with other pathology items. This will ensure successful processing and payment.

Although ECG items do not require a SCPId to be set, when transmitted as part of a pathology claim, setting the SCPId is mandatory. The SCPId should be set to the same SCPId the other pathology items within the same voucher.

# **Appendix A**

# What is a patient verification?

A patient verification is a quick process that allows a practice to confirm the accuracy of a patient's details. The following patient verifications are available:

- Medicare only;
- DVA only;
- private health insurer only; and
- both Medicare and the private health insurer details are checked at the same time.

It is recommended that a patient verification is performed before an appointment if:

- you have the patient's Medicare or private health insurer details; and
- the private health insurer is an ECLIPSE participant (refer to Get Participant section).

This will make you and/or the patient aware of any problems with the patient's Medicare or private health insurer details before the consultation.

Patient verifications can be performed one at a time (Online Patient Verification Request) (OPVR) or as a batch of 1,000 (Enterprise Patient Verification) (EPV). The OPVR function is available in all releases of ECLIPSE. However, the EPV function is only available for those practices on ECLIPSE that have implemented this functionality.

# Types of online patient verifications

Note: This function is available in all releases of ECLIPSE.

Online Patient Verification request (OPVR) - online patient verification (OPV)	
Description	<ul> <li>A single patient verification that can be submitted to:</li> <li>Medicare only</li> <li>DVA only</li> <li>Private health insurer only, or</li> <li>Medicare and private health insurer check in one go.</li> </ul>
Benefits	<ul> <li>Patient verification provides the following: <ul> <li>confirmation that a patient is known to Medicare on the date of enquiry</li> <li>confirmation that the patient is known to a private health insurer on the date of enquiry, and</li> <li>consistency of patient details held by a practice against the details held by Medicare and the private health insurer records.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Timeframes	An immediate (real-time) response will be provided.

If Medicare or the private health insurer is unable to perform the patient verification, part or the entire request will be rejected and you will need to re-try at a later time.

Enterprise Patient Verification (EPV)	
Description	Enterprise patient verification allows you to submit multiple patients' verifications in one transmission (up to 1,000 patients per transmission) in batch mode. For the convenience of practices, batches can contain multiple private health insurers.
Availability	Enterprise patient verification is not an immediate (real- time) functionality. Responses for enterprise patient verification requests may not be available for up to 72 hours after you submit the request.
Benefits	1,000 patients per transmission can be batched.
Timeframes	A response to the enterprise patient verification should be provided within 72 hours. If either Medicare or a private health insurer is unable to perform the patient verification, part or all of the requests will be rejected. You will need to re-try those particular patients at a later time.

Note: The enterprise patient verification can only be performed if supported by the private health insurer (check Get Participants).

# **Appendix B**

# In patient medical claiming latter day adjustments

An adjustment occurs when any detail of a previously processed claim is amended with new/altered information.

Adjustments are made to paid services. However, in some cases, adjustments are processed to enable payment of previously omitted or rejected services if the service forms part of a multiple procedure, multiple diagnostic imaging rules or is a derived fee. If the omitted or rejected service does not form part of a multiple procedure, multiple diagnostic imaging rules or is a derived fee then it must be treated as a new claim, not an adjustment.

An adjustment may result in an overpayment, underpayment or nil change (statistical) to the benefit already paid. Medicare will record the adjustment and provide the details to the nominated private health insurer or billing agent.

If the claim results in an underpayment, Medicare will make a payment by EFT for all adjustments processed to the nominated private health insurer or billing agent.

If the claim results in an overpayment, the Statement of Benefit will show details of the adjustment and include the amount of overpayment. Medicare will invoice private health insurers and billing agents for overpayments.

The following ECLIPSE claim types can be adjusted by completing the *In-patient Medical Claiming Adjustment claim form*:

- AG (agreement claims)
- SC (schemes)
- MB (billing agent)
- MO (billing agent).

For a copy of the Simplified Billing or ECLIPSE adjustment claim form, go to <u>ECLIPSE adjustment claim form</u> (HW023).

If you need us to process an adjustment for an online patient claim, online bulk bill or ECLIPSE in-patient medical claim patient claim (IMC PC), please contact the Services Australia eBusiness Service Centre on **1800 700 199**.

servicesaustralia.gov.au